

Water Operations

Annual Summary Report

~ Churchill Drinking Water System ~
DWS #220005063
~ Town of Innisfil ~

Reporting Year -2020

InnServices Utilities Inc.

Churchill DWS

Introduction

Effective January 1, 2016, the Town of Innisfil transferred ownership of its municipal Drinking Water Systems to InnServices Utilities Inc. (InnServices). InnServices is a municipal service corporation, wholly-owned by the Town of Innisfil, charged with the responsibility to operate, maintain and expand the municipal drinking water systems that service the Town of Innisfil.

The Churchill Drinking Water System (DWS) services a population of approximately 510, on 170 connections, 169 of which are residential. The distribution system is comprised of approximately 6 kilometers of cast iron piping, 31 hydrants and 52 valves. The system relies on 3 drilled wells as its source of groundwater. Wells #1 and 2 feed directly into the reservoir, and run on an as-needed basis. Well #3 is the main source of raw water which feeds the distribution and can also fill the reservoir.

InnServices has prepared this Summary Report for the operations conducted during the 2020 calendar year.

This Annual Summary Report has been prepared to meet the following commitments:

- To provide InnServices Utilities Inc. Board of Directors, as "Owners" of the DWS, a summary of the operations and maintenance of the Churchill DWS that took place during the reporting period of January 1 to December 31, 2020;
- To provide a status update of the systems capabilities and capacities as of December 31, 2020;
- To satisfy the requirements of O. Reg 170/03 Section 11
- To satisfy the requirements of O. Reg.170/03 Schedule 22

The Annual Summary Report identifies specific details regarding the overall quality of the drinking water submitted to the Ministry of the Environment Conservation and Parks (MECP) for the Churchill DWS and is available on the Town of Innisfil website (https://innisfil.ca/annual-reports-drinking-water) and at InnServices Headquarters at 7251 Yonge St., Innisfil, Ontario.

This report provides information to the InnServices Board of Directors and Town of Innisfil Mayor and Council related to the operations, maintenance, drinking water quality, and system capacities of the Churchill DWS, which aids decision making related to system expansion needs, and assists Board and Council in meeting their Statutory Standard of Care requirements.

MECP Approvals

The Churchill DWS is classified as a Large Municipal Residential DWS, as defined by Ontario Regulation 170/03.

The **Safe Drinking Water Act**, **2002** requires that the Owner of a municipal DWS have MECP approvals in the form of a Drinking Water Works Permit (DWWP) and a Municipal Drinking Water Licence (MDWL). The DWWP provides a description of the overall system and provides the authority to establish or alter the DWS. The MDWL provides the authority to use or operate the system.

The Churchill DWS operated for the majority of the year under

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DWWP # 120-206, Issue #3 (Issued October 19, 2018) MDWL # 120-106, Issue #2 (Issued January 8, 2016)
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New DWWP and MDWL were issued December 15, 2020:

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DWWP # 120-206, Issue #4 MDWL # 120-106, Issue #3
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For the reporting period covered in this report, InnServices Utilities Inc. was defined as the Operating Authority of the Churchill DWS.

InnServices Utilities Inc. has established and maintains accreditation to the Drinking Water Quality Management Standard Version 2-2017 (DWQMS) under Certificate of Accreditation # 0136878, issued November 4, 2020 by SAI Global. The Certificate of Accreditation expires September 20, 2023.

Drinking Water System

The Churchill DWS (DWS) relies on 3 drilled wells as its source of groundwater. Well #3 is the main source of raw water. It has its own chlorine contact chamber which feeds the distribution and can also fill the reservoir.

Wells #1 and 2 feed directly into the reservoir, and run on an as-needed basis.

Sodium hypochlorite is used for primary and secondary disinfection.

The below-grade, twin-cell concrete reservoir has a total volume of approximately 1100 cubic meters and provides fire protection for the community.

A 200 kilowatt standby generator ensures that the system is provided with water in the event of a power failure.

Expenses incurred in relation to well and well pump maintenance and repairs amounted to approximately \$26,900.

Analytical Laboratory Water Quality Monitoring

Bacteriological Analysis

Bacteriological testing is completed to verify that no microbiological contamination of the treated drinking water can be detected. Raw water is also analyzed to inform operations if there is microbiological contamination in the DWS. Bacteriological monitoring for the reporting period was conducted as required by Ontario Regulation 170/03.

SGS Environmental Services, Lakefield, Ontario, conducted the bacteriological analysis of the drinking water.

Zero (0) items of non-compliance with the Ontario Drinking Water Standards related to bacteriological analyses occurred during the reporting period.

Microbiological testing done under the Schedule 10 of Regulation 170/03, during this reporting period.

| | Number of Samples | Range of E.coli Results (min #)-(max #) CFU/100mL | Range of Total Coliform Results (min #)-(max #) CFU/100mL | Number of HPC Samples | Range of HPC Results (min #)-(max #) CFU/1mL |
|--------------|-------------------------|--|--|-----------------------------|---|
| Raw | 126 | 0-0 | 0-1 | n/a | n/a |
| Treated | 103 | 0-0 | 0-0 | 103 | 0-380 |
| Distribution | 207 | 0-0 | 0-0 | 207 | 0-740 |

Chemical Analysis

Chemical analysis of this water supply is conducted as required by Ontario Regulation 170/03.

SGS Environmental Services, Lakefield, Ontario, conducted the required chemical analyses for the DWS during the reporting period. This lab, as well as any laboratories to which they sub-contract certain types of analyses, are licensed by the MECP and accredited by the Canadian Association for Laboratory Accreditation (CALA) and/or Standard Council Canada (SCC).

InnServices has engaged the Walkerton Clean Water Centre to undertake a study to investigate THM (Trihalomethanes) formation in the Churchill DWS. Raw water quality was assessed and bench scale testing conducted in 2020; pilot studies for treatment options will be undertaken during Q1-Q2, 2021, with a report including recommendations and next steps.

With the issuance of the new Municipal Drinking Water Licence December 15, 2020, the Ministry has added a requirement to increase testing and monitoring of the health related parameter for THM from quarterly to monthly, beginning in January 2021.

Zero (0) incidents of non-compliance with Ontario Drinking Water Standards related to chemical analysis were reported during 2020.

A summary of all analytical results for Organic and Inorganic testing is attached in Appendix A.

Continuous Water Quality Monitoring

Free Chlorine Residual

The Churchill DWS utilizes NSF® certified 12% sodium hypochlorite to meet primary disinfection requirements and provide an adequate chlorine residual for secondary disinfection requirements.

A requirement of O.Reg. 170/03 and the Procedure for Disinfection of Drinking Water in Ontario is that the chlorine residual must be recorded at the point directly after primary disinfection is achieved, at a frequency of every 5 minutes. Grab samples are taken and analyzed for free chlorine residual (FCR) when microbiological samples are taken throughout the distribution system. Ontario Regulation 170/03 requires that sufficient residual be available in the water to achieve a residual of greater than 0.05 mg/L at all points in the distribution system.

During the reporting period covered by this report, zero (0) incidents of non-compliance with these requirements were reported.

A summary of the chlorination monitoring that took place directly after primary disinfection is achieved is depicted below:

| | Number of Grab Samples | Range of Results (min #)-(max #) | Unit of Measure |
|---------------------------|------------------------------|--|--------------------|
| Chlorine – Well #3 | 8760 | 0.00 - 5.00 | mg/L |
| Chlorine - Well # 1 and 2 | 8760 | 0.008 - 5.00 | mg/L |

All instances where Free Chlorine Residual (FCR) was less than 1.00 mg/L were investigated and confirmed to coincide with a power outage, calibration activities, and/or appropriate corrective actions were taken to remove non-compliant water from the system.

Plant Flow Monitoring

Raw Water Takings

The Churchill DWS utilizes groundwater wells as its raw water source. The raw water takings from groundwater wells are authorized by the MECP through a Permit to Take Water (PTTW # 0557-B4HNR7)

Raw water takings for 2020 were reported to the electronic Water Taking Recording System (WTRS).

Table 1 below provides a summary of the raw water takings in 2020.

There were zero (0) incidents of non-compliance related to water takings in 2020.

Table 1: Summary of 2020 Raw Water Takings

| | Units | Well #1 | Well #2 | Well #3 | System |
|-----------------------|----------|---------|---------|---------|--------|
| PTTW Daily Maximum | (m³/day) | 262.08 | 295.2 | 743 | 743 |
| Maximum Day | (m³/day) | 181 | 207 | 447 | 544 |
| Average Day | (m³/day) | 8.5 | 27.2 | 110.5 | 146.2 |
| 2020 Takings | (m³) | 3117 | 9967 | 40,443 | 53,527 |

System Performance Summary

The volume of daily treated water delivered to the distribution system is authorized by the MECP through the designation of a Rated Capacity within the Municipal Drinking Water Licence (MDWL). It should be noted Well #3 Capacity has been corrected in the new MDWL to 743 cubic meters per day. The Treated Water volume is essentially the

same as the Raw Water Takings. The Wells #1 & 2 subsystem is operating at approximately 3% of the rated capacity of 557 m³/day. At the maximum flow, treated water demand flow in 2020 was at 70% of the rated capacity.

The Well #3 subsystem is operating at approximately 15% of the rated capacity 743m³/day. At the maximum flow, treated water demand flow in 2020 was at 60% of the rated capacity.

The Treated Water Demand is summarized in Table 2 below.

There were zero (0) incidents of non-compliance related to rated capacity in 2020.

Table 2: Summary of 2019 Treated Water Demand

| | Wells #1 & 2 | Well #3 |
|-------------------------------------|--------------|---------|
| System Rated Capacity (m³/day) | 557 | 743 |
| Maximum Day (m³/day) | 387.4 | 447 |
| Average Day (m³/day) | 17.9 | 110.5 |
| Total Annual Demand (m³) | 13,083.9 | 40,443 |
| System Performance- rated capacity | 3% | 15 % |
| System Performance- at Maximum Flow | 70 % | 60% |

Distribution Flow Monitoring

The Churchill DWS produces water for distribution to homes and businesses in the village of Churchill in the Town of Innisfil.

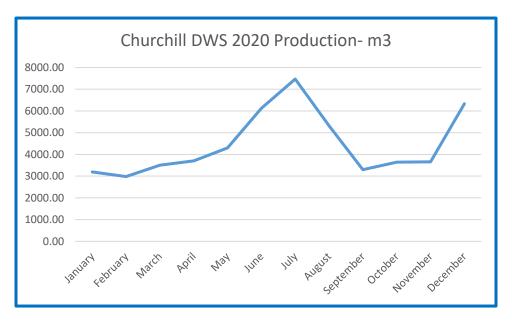
The following table and graph demonstrate the monthly water system demand.

Table 3, below, demonstrates the monthly volumes of drinking water directed toward the Churchill distribution systems in 2020.

Table 3: Monthly Water Production

| Month | Treated Water Produced (m³) |
|--------------|-----------------------------|
| January | 3197.8 |
| February | 2980.8 |
| March | 3506.3 |
| April | 3701.4 |
| May | 4302.1 |
| June | 6125.4 |
| July | 7468.6 |
| August | 5316.1 |
| September | 3297.8 |
| October | 3640.9 |
| November | 3659.8 |
| December | 6330.0 |
| Annual Total | 53527 |





MECP Annual Inspection

An Unannounced Focused inspection was conducted on December 3, 2020 by the Ministry of the Environment, Conservation and Parks. The inspection covered the period of September 5, 2019 to December 3, 2020.

Items of Non-Compliance

There were zero (0) items of non-compliance identified during the inspection period.

Provincial Officer's Orders

No Provincial Officer's Orders were issued in the Report as a result of the 2020 inspection.

Inspection Risk Rating

This year the Churchill system received an Inspection Risk Rating of 0%, resulting in a Compliance Rating of 100%.

Appendix A – Chemical Analysis

Organic and Inorganic parameters testing is required at least once every 36 months from a raw water supply that is ground water.

Churchill Well 1 & 2

| Inorganic | Sample Date | Result | Unit of | Exceedance |
|-----------|-------------|---------|---------|------------|
| Parameter | | Value | Measure | |
| Antimony | 20-Nov-2018 | 0.03 | μg/L | No |
| Arsenic | 20-Nov-2018 | <0.2 | μg/L | No |
| Barium | 20-Nov-2018 | 35.6 | μg/L | No |
| Boron | 20-Nov-2018 | 158 | μg/L | No |
| Cadmium | 20-Nov-2018 | < 0.003 | μg/L | No |
| Chromium | 20-Nov-2018 | 0.11 | μg/L | No |
| Mercury | 20-Nov-2018 | <0.01 | μg/L | No |
| Selenium | 20-Nov-2018 | <0.04 | μg/L | No |
| Uranium | 20-Nov-2018 | 0.004 | μg/L | No |

| Organic Parameter | Sample Date | Result Value | Unit of Measure | Exceedance |
|--------------------------------------|-----------------|-----------------|--------------------|------------|
| Alachlor | 20-Nov- 2018 | <0.02 | μg/L | No |
| Atrazine + N-dealkylated metobolites | 20-Nov- 2018 | <0.01 | μg/L | No |
| Azinphos-methyl | 20-Nov- 2018 | <0.05 | μg/L | No |
| Benzene | 20-Nov- 2018 | <0.32 | μg/L | No |
| Benzo(a)pyrene | 20-Nov- 2018 | <0.004 | μg/L | No |
| Bromoxynil | 20-Nov- 2018 | <0.33 | μg/L | No |
| Carbaryl | 20-Nov- 2018 | <0.05 | μg/L | No |
| Carbofuran | 20-Nov- 2018 | <0.01 | μg/L | No |
| Carbon Tetrachloride | 20-Nov- 2018 | <0.16 | μg/L | No |
| Chlorpyrifos | 20-Nov- 2018 | <0.02 | μg/L | No |
| Diazinon | 20-Nov- 2018 | <0.02 | μg/L | No |
| Dicamba | 20-Nov- 2018 | <0.20 | μg/L | No |
| 1,2-Dichlorobenzene | 20-Nov- 2018 | <0.41 | μg/L | No |
| 1,4-Dichlorobenzene | 20-Nov- 2018 | <0.36 | μg/L | No |

| <u> </u> | | | | |
|---|-----------------|-------------|------|----|
| 1,2-Dichloroethane | 20-Nov- 2018 | <0.35 | μg/L | No |
| 1,1-Dichloroethylene (vinylidene chloride) | 20-Nov- 2018 | <0.33 | μg/L | No |
| Dichloromethane | 20-Nov- 2018 | <0.35 | μg/L | No |
| 2-4 Dichlorophenol | 20-Nov- 2018 | <0.15 | μg/L | No |
| 2,4-Dichlorophenoxy acetic acid (2,4-D) | 20-Nov- 2018 | <0.19 | μg/L | No |
| Diclofop-methyl | 20-Nov- 2018 | <0.40 | μg/L | No |
| Dimethoate | 20-Nov- 2018 | <0.03 | μg/L | No |
| Diquat | 20-Nov- 2018 | <1 | μg/L | No |
| Diuron | 20-Nov- 2018 | <0.03 | μg/L | No |
| Glyphosate | 20-Nov- 2018 | <1 | μg/L | No |
| Malathion | 20-Nov- 2018 | <0.02 | μg/L | No |
| 2-Methyl-4-chlorophenoxyacetic acid (MCPA) | 20-Nov- 2018 | <0.0001 | Mg/L | No |
| Metolachlor | 20-Nov- 2018 | <0.01 | μg/L | No |
| Metribuzin | 20-Nov- 2018 | <0.02 | μg/L | No |
| Monochlorobenzene | 20-Nov- 2018 | <0.3 | μg/L | No |
| Paraquat | 20-Nov- 2018 | <1 | μg/L | No |
| Pentachlorophenol | 20-Nov- 2018 | <0.15 | μg/L | No |
| Phorate | 20-Nov- 2018 | <0.01 | μg/L | No |
| Picloram | 20-Nov- 2018 | <1 | μg/L | No |
| Polychlorinated Biphenyls(PCB) | 20-Nov- 2018 | <0.04 | μg/L | No |
| Prometryne | 20-Nov- 2018 | <0.03 | μg/L | No |
| Simazine | 20-Nov- 2018 | <0.03 | μg/L | No |
| Terbufos | 20-Nov- 2018 | <0.01 | µg/L | No |
| Tetrachloroethylene | 20-Nov- 2018 | <0.35 | μg/L | No |
| 2,3,4,6-Tetrachlorophenol | 20-Nov- 2018 | <0.2 | μg/L | No |
| Triallate | 20-Nov- 2018 | <0.01 | μg/L | No |
| Trichloroethylene | 20-Nov- 2018 | <0.44 | μg/L | No |

| 2,4,6-Trichlorophenol | 20-Nov- | <0.25 | μg/L | No |
|-----------------------|---------|--------|------|----|
| | 2018 | | | |
| Trifluralin | 20-Nov- | < 0.02 | μg/L | No |
| | 2018 | | | |
| Vinyl Chloride | 20-Nov- | <0.17 | μg/L | No |
| - | 2018 | | | |

Inorganic or Organic parameter(s) that exceeded half the standard prescribed in Schedule 2 of Ontario Drinking Water Quality Standards.

| Parameter | Result Value | Unit of Measure | Date of Sample |
|-----------|--------------|-----------------|----------------|
| N/A | | | |

One water sample is taken every 60 months to test for Sodium and Fluoride

| Parameter | Date of Sample | Result | Unit of Measure | Exceedance |
|-----------|----------------|--------|-----------------|------------|
| Sodium | 19-Dec-2016 | 27.5 | mg/L | Yes |
| Fluoride | 19-Dec-2016 | <0.4 | mg/L | No |

One water sample is taken every 3 months and tested for nitrate and nitrite

| Parameter | Date of latest Sample | Result | Unit of Measure | Exceedance |
|-----------|--------------------------|--------|-----------------|------------|
| Nitrite | 09-Nov-2020 | <0.003 | mg/L | No |
| Nitrate | 09-Nov-2020 | 0.006 | mg/L | No |

Churchill Well 3

| Parameter | Sample Date | Result | Unit of | Exceedance |
|-----------|-------------|---------|---------|------------|
| | - | Value | Measure | |
| Antimony | 20-Nov-2018 | 0.02 | μg/L | No |
| Arsenic | 20-Nov-2018 | <0.2 | μg/L | No |
| Barium | 20-Nov-2018 | 29.6 | μg/L | No |
| Boron | 20-Nov-2018 | 163 | μg/L | No |
| Cadmium | 20-Nov-2018 | < 0.003 | μg/L | No |
| Chromium | 20-Nov-2018 | 0.09 | μg/L | No |
| Mercury | 20-Nov-2018 | <0.01 | μg/L | No |
| Selenium | 20-Nov-2018 | <0.04 | μg/L | No |
| Uranium | 20-Nov-2018 | < 0.002 | μg/L | No |

| Parameter | Sample | Result | Unit of | Exceedance |
|--------------------------|---------|---------|---------|------------|
| | Date | Value | Measure | |
| Alachlor | 20-Nov- | < 0.02 | μg/L | No |
| | 2018 | | | |
| Atrazine + N-dealkylated | 20-Nov- | <0.01 | μg/L | No |
| metobolites | 2018 | | | |
| Azinphos-methyl | 20-Nov- | < 0.05 | μg/L | No |
| | 2018 | | | |
| Benzene | 20-Nov- | < 0.32 | μg/L | No |
| | 2018 | | | |
| Benzo(a)pyrene | 20-Nov- | < 0.004 | μg/L | No |
| | 2018 | | | |

| Bromoxynil | 20-Nov- | <0.33 | μg/L | No |
|---------------------------------|-----------------|--------------|----------------|----------|
| Carbaryl | 2018 20-Nov- | <0.05 | μg/L | No |
| | 2018 | .0100 | P-9/ — | |
| Carbofuran | 20-Nov- | <0.01 | μg/L | No |
| Caula a Tatua alda vida | 2018 | 0.40 | /1 | NIa |
| Carbon Tetrachloride | 20-Nov- 2018 | <0.16 | μg/L | No |
| Chlorpyrifos | 20-Nov- | <0.02 | μg/L | No |
| Chicipyhios | 2018 | \0.02 | µg/L | 140 |
| Diazinon | 20-Nov- | <0.02 | μg/L | No |
| | 2018 | | | |
| Dicamba | 20-Nov- | <0.2 | μg/L | No |
| 40 B: 11 | 2018 | 0.44 | /1 | N.1 |
| 1,2-Dichlorobenzene | 20-Nov- | <0.41 | μg/L | No |
| 1,4-Dichlorobenzene | 2018 20-Nov- | <0.36 | μg/L | No |
| 1,4-Dictiloroperizerie | 20-1107- | <0.30 | µg/L | INO |
| 1,2-Dichloroethane | 20-Nov- | < 0.35 | μg/L | No |
| -, | 2018 | | P-3/ — | |
| 1,1-Dichloroethylene | 20-Nov- | < 0.33 | μg/L | No |
| (vinylidene chloride) | 2018 | | | |
| Dichloromethane | 20-Nov- | <0.35 | μg/L | No |
| O 4 Diable semble seed | 2018 | 0.45 | /1 | NIa |
| 2-4 Dichlorophenol | 20-Nov- 2018 | <0.15 | μg/L | No |
| 2,4-Dichlorophenoxy acetic acid | 20-Nov- | <0.19 | μg/L | No |
| (2,4-D) | 2018 | 10.10 | M9/ - | 110 |
| Diclofop-methyl | 20-Nov- | <0.4 | μg/L | No |
| | 2018 | | | |
| Dimethoate | 20-Nov- 2018 | <0.03 | μg/L | No |
| Diquat | 20-Nov- | < 1 | μg/L | No |
| | 2018 | | | |
| Diuron | 20-Nov- | <0.03 | μg/L | No |
| 01 1 | 2018 | 4 | // | . |
| Glyphosate | 20-Nov- 2018 | < 1 | μg/L | No |
| Malathion | 2016 20-Nov- | <0.02 | μg/L | No |
| Walathon | 2018 | \0.02 | μg/ L | 140 |
| 2-Methyl-4-chlorophenoxyacetic | 20-Nov- | <0.00012 | Mg/L | No |
| acid (MCPA) | 2018 | | 3 | |
| Metolachlor | 20-Nov- | <0.01 | μg/L | No |
| | 2018 | | | |
| Metribuzin | 20-Nov- | <0.02 | μg/L | No |
| Monochlorobenzene | 2018 20-Nov- | <0.3 | ua/l | No |
| MONOCHIOTODENZENE | 20-Nov- 2018 | <0.3 | μg/L | INO |
| Paraquat | 20-Nov- | <1 | μg/L | No |
| 1 | 2018 | | i <i>3</i> , – | |
| Pentachlorophenol | 20-Nov- | <0.15 | μg/L | No |
| | 2018 | | | |
| Phorate | 20-Nov- | <0.01 | μg/L | No |
| | 2018 | | | |

| Picloram | 20-Nov- | < 1 | μg/L | No |
|--------------------------------|---------|--------|------|----|
| | 2018 | | | |
| Polychlorinated Biphenyls(PCB) | 20-Nov- | <0.04 | μg/L | No |
| | 2018 | | | |
| Prometryne | 20-Nov- | <0.03 | μg/L | No |
| | 2018 | | | |
| Simazine | 20-Nov- | <0.01 | μg/L | No |
| | 2018 | | | |
| Terbufos | 20-Nov- | <0.01 | μg/L | No |
| | 2018 | | | |
| Tetrachloroethylene | 20-Nov- | < 0.35 | μg/L | No |
| | 2018 | | | |
| 2,3,4,6-Tetrachlorophenol | 20-Nov- | <0.20 | μg/L | No |
| | 2018 | | | |
| Triallate | 20-Nov- | <0.01 | μg/L | No |
| | 2018 | | | |
| Trichloroethylene | 20-Nov- | <0.44 | μg/L | No |
| | 2018 | | | |
| 2,4,6-Trichlorophenol | 20-Nov- | <0.25 | μg/L | No |
| · | 2018 | | | |
| Trifluralin | 20-Nov- | < 0.02 | μg/L | No |
| | 2018 | | | |
| Vinyl Chloride | 20-Nov- | <0.17 | μg/L | No |
| | 2018 | | | |

Inorganic or Organic parameter(s) that exceeded half the standard prescribed in Schedule 2 of Ontario Drinking Water Quality Standards.

| Parameter | Result Value | Unit of Measure | Date of Sample |
|-----------|--------------|-----------------|----------------|
| N/A | | | |

One water sample is taken every 60 months to test for Sodium and Fluoride

| Parameter | Date of Sample | Result | Unit of Measure | Exceedance |
|-----------|----------------|--------|-----------------|------------|
| Sodium | 19-Dec-2016 | 62.4 | Mg/L | Yes |
| Fluoride | 19-Dec-2016 | 0.5 | mg/L | No |

One water sample is taken every 3 months and tested for nitrate and nitrite

| Parameter | Date of latest | Result | Unit of Measure | Exceedance |
|-----------|----------------|---------|-----------------|------------|
| | Sample | | | |
| Nitrite | 09-Nov-2020 | < 0.003 | mg/L | No |
| Nitrate | 09-Nov-2020 | 0.013 | mg/L | No |

Distribution Sampling

Based on results of community lead sampling program conducted, Churchill DWS has qualified for reduced sampling protocol as per O. Reg .170/03 Schedule 15.1. Under this protocol, only alkalinity and pH are required from 2 sampling points for each summer and winter period. Lead is tested every third 12-month period.

| Location Type | Number of Samples | Range of Alkalinity Results Minimum - maximum | Range of Lead Results- 2020 | Number of Exceedances |
|------------------|----------------------|--|-------------------------------------|--------------------------|
| | | Aesthetic Objective 30-500 Mg/L | Maximum Concentration 10 µg/L | |
| Distribution | 4 | 129-174 Mg/L | 0.02 – 0.21 μg/L | 0 |

Trihalomethanes (THMs) and Haloacetic Acids (HAAs) were sampled on a quarterly basis in accordance with O. Reg. 170/03 Schedule 13. The most recent (2020) sample results:

| Parameter | Sample Date | Result | Maximum Allowable |
|-------------------------------------|-------------|------------|-------------------|
| | | Value | Concentration |
| THM (latest rolling annual average) | 09-Nov-2020 | 93.06 µg/L | 100 μg/L |
| HAA (latest rolling annual average) | 09-Nov-2020 | 13.04 µg/L | 80 μg/L |

Lead, Haloacetic Acids or Trihalomethanes results that exceeded half the standard prescribed in Schedule 2 of Ontario Drinking Water Quality Standards

| Parameter | Result Value | Unit of Measure | Date of Sample |
|------------------------------|--------------|-----------------|--------------------|
| | Q1 – 82.57 | μg/L | March 6, 2020 |
| THM (running annual average) | Q2 – 89.49 | μg/L | June 8, 2020 |
| | Q3 – 90.74 | μg/L | September 21, 2020 |
| | Q4 – 93.06 | μg/L | November 9, 2020 |